SENATE BILL No. 2

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 35-41-1-5.5; IC 35-50-6.

Synopsis: Reduction of good time credit. Creates department of correction credit Class IV for felons convicted of certain crimes. Specifies that persons in credit Class IV earn one day of credit for each six days of incarceration. Provides that persons in credit Class IV may be placed in a credit class where they earn no credit, but may not be placed in a credit class where they earn more credit.



Effective: July 1, 2007.

Drozda

January 8, 2007, read first time and referred to Committee on Corrections, Criminal, and Civil Matters.



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First Regular Session 115th General Assembly (2007)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2006 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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SENATE BILL No. 2

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A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

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Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

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1	SECTION 1. IC 35-41-1-5.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
2	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
3	1, 2007]: Sec. 5.5. "Credit restricted felon" means a person who:
4	(1) has been convicted of:
5	(A) a felony under IC 35-42 (crimes against the person);
6	(B) a felony under IC 35-48-4 (controlled substance
7	offenses);
8	(C) a felony under IC 35-47-2 (handgun offenses);
9	(D) a felony under IC 35-47-12 (weapons of mass
10	destruction);
11	(E) a felony under IC 35-47.5-5 (explosives);
12	(F) pointing a loaded firearm (IC 35-47-4-3);
13	(G) possession of a firearm by a serious violent felor
14	(IC 35-47-4-5);
15	(H) possession of a firearm on school property
16	(IC 35-47-9-2);

(I) possession of a machine gun (IC 35-47-5-8);



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IN 2—LS 6115/DI 106+

1	(J) operating a loaded machine gun (IC 35-47-5-9);
2	(K) arson (IC 35-43-1-1) as a Class A or Class B felony;
3	(L) burglary (IC 35-43-2-1) as a Class A or Class B felony;
4	(M) poisoning a public water supply (IC 35-45-3-1) as a
5	Class D felony;
6	(N) neglect of a dependent (IC 35-46-1-4) as a Class A or
7	Class B felony;
8	(O) conspiracy or an attempt to commit an offense
9	described in clauses (A) through (N); or
10	(P) a felony offense in another jurisdiction that is
11	substantially similar to an offense described in clauses (A)
12	through (N); or
13	(2) is a sex offender (as defined in IC 11-8-8-5).
14	SECTION 2. IC 35-50-6-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
15	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 3. (a) A person
16	assigned to Class I earns one (1) day of credit time for each day he the
17	person is imprisoned for a crime or confined awaiting trial or
18	sentencing.
19	(b) A person assigned to Class II earns one (1) day of credit time for
20	every two (2) days he the person is imprisoned for a crime or confined
21	awaiting trial or sentencing.
22	(c) A person assigned to Class III earns no credit time.
23	(d) A person assigned to Class IV earns one (1) day of credit for
24	every six (6) days the person is imprisoned for a crime or confined
25	awaiting trial or sentencing.
26	SECTION 3. IC 35-50-6-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
27	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 4. (a) A person who is
28	not a credit restricted felon and who is imprisoned for a crime or
29	imprisoned awaiting trial or sentencing is initially assigned to Class I.
30	(b) A person who is a credit restricted felon and who is
31	imprisoned for a crime or imprisoned awaiting trial or sentencing
32	is initially assigned to Class IV. A credit restricted felon may not
33	be assigned to Class I or Class II.
34	(b) (c) A person who is not assigned to Class IV may be reassigned
35	to Class II or Class III if he the person violates any of the following:
36	(1) A rule of the department of correction.
37	(2) A rule of the penal facility in which he the person is
38	imprisoned.
39	(3) A rule or condition of a community transition program.
40	However, a violation of a condition of parole or probation may not be
41	the basis for reassignment. Before a person may be reassigned to a
42	lower credit time class, he the person must be granted a hearing to



1	determine his the person's guilt or innocence and, if found guilty,
2	whether reassignment is an appropriate disciplinary action for the
3	violation. The person may waive his the right to the hearing.
4	(d) A person who is assigned to Class IV may be reassigned to
5	Class III if the person violates any of the following:
6	(1) A rule of the department of correction.
7	(2) A rule of the penal facility in which the person is
8 9	imprisoned. (3) A rule or condition of a community transition program.
10	However, a violation of a condition of parole or probation may not
11	be the basis for reassignment. Before a person may be reassigned
12	to Class III, the person must be granted a hearing to determine the
13	person's guilt or innocence and, if found guilty, whether
14	reassignment is an appropriate disciplinary action for the
15	violation. The person may waive the right to the hearing.
16	(c) (e) In connection with the hearing granted under subsection (b),
17	(c) or (d), the person is entitled to:
18	(1) have not less than twenty-four (24) hours advance written
19	notice of the date, time, and place of the hearing, and of the
20	alleged misconduct and the rule the misconduct is alleged to have
21	violated;
22	(2) have reasonable time to prepare for the hearing;
23	(3) have an impartial decisionmaker;
24	(4) appear and speak in his the person's own behalf;
25	(5) call witnesses and present evidence;
26	(6) confront and cross-examine each witness, unless the hearing
27	authority finds that to do so would subject a witness to a
28	substantial risk of harm;
29	(7) have the assistance of a lay advocate (the department may
30	require that the advocate be an employee of, or a fellow prisoner
31	in, the same facility or program);
32	(8) have a written statement of the findings of fact, the evidence
33	relied upon, and the reasons for the action taken;
34	(9) have immunity if his the person's testimony or any evidence
35	derived from his the person's testimony is used in any criminal
36	proceedings; and
37	(10) have his the person's record expunged of any reference to
38	the charge if he the person is found not guilty or if a finding of
39	guilt is later overturned.
40	Any finding of guilt must be supported by a preponderance of the
41	evidence presented at the hearing.
42	(d) (f) A person may be reassigned from Class III to Class I, or Class



1	II, or Class IV, or from Class II to Class I. A person's assignment to
2	Class III or Class II shall be reviewed at least once every six (6) months
3	to determine if he the person should be reassigned to a higher credit
4	time class. A credit restricted felon may not be reassigned to Class
5	I or Class II.
6	SECTION 4. IC 35-50-6-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.173-2006,
7	SECTION 39, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 5. (a) A person may, with respect to the same
9	transaction, be deprived of any part of the credit time the person has
0	earned for any of the following:
1	(1) A violation of one (1) or more rules of the department of
2	correction.
3	(2) If the person is not committed to the department, a violation
4	of one (1) or more rules of the penal facility in which the person
5	is imprisoned.
6	(3) A violation of one (1) or more rules or conditions of a
7	community transition program.
.8	(4) If a court determines that a civil claim brought by the person
9	in a state or an administrative court is frivolous, unreasonable, or
20	groundless.
21	(5) If the person is a sex offender (as defined in IC 11-8-8-5) and
22	refuses to register before being released from the department as
23	required under IC 11-8-8-7.
24	(6) If the person is a sex offender (as defined in IC 11-8-8-5) and
25	refuses to participate in a sex offender treatment program
26	specifically offered to the sex offender by the department of
27	correction while the person is serving a period of incarceration
28	with the department of correction.
29	However, the violation of a condition of parole or probation may not be
0	the basis for deprivation. Whenever a person is deprived of credit time,
31	he the person may also be reassigned to Class II (if the person is not
32	a credit restricted felon) or Class III.
33	(b) Before a person may be deprived of earned credit time, the
34	person must be granted a hearing to determine the person's guilt or
35	innocence and, if found guilty, whether deprivation of earned credit
66	time is an appropriate disciplinary action for the violation. In
37	connection with the hearing, the person is entitled to the procedural
8	safeguards listed in section 4(e) section 4(e) of this chapter. The person
19	may waive the person's right to the hearing.
10	(c) Any part of the credit time of which a person is deprived under
1	this section may be restored.
12	SECTION 5. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007] IC 35-41-1-5.5, as



- added by this act, and IC 35-50-6-3, IC 35-50-6-4, and
- 2 IC 35-50-6-5, all as amended by this act, apply only to persons
- 3 convicted after June 30, 2007.

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